# TEACHER ANSWER KEY 

Desjardins


## LEVEL <br> SECONDARY MATHEMATICS

AGE GROUP:<br>12-14

## QUESTION 1

Rule

| $a=\Delta y / \Delta x=(600-480) /(40-32)=15$ |
| :--- |
| $y=15 x$ |

Alice's weekly salary
$y=15(30)=\$ 450$
Alice's monthly salary
450×4=\$1,800
ALICE EARNS \$1,800.00 A MONTH.

## B) EXPENSE CALCULATION

Alice's electricity costs (exponents and square roots)
Electricity costs

$$
2^{2} \times \sqrt{ } 625=4 \times 25=\$ 100
$$

ALICE SPENDS \$100.00 A MONTH ON ELECTRICITY.

## CELLPHONE COSTS

$15 / 100 \times 100=\$ 15$
100+15=115
ALICE SPENDS \$115.00 A MONTH ON HER CELLPHONE.

## TRANSPORTATION COSTS

(polygon perimeter and area, fractions)
Data
A_polygon $=168 \mathrm{~km}^{2}$
a_polygon=7,000 m
Conversion a_polygon $7,000 \mathrm{~m} \div 1,000=7 \mathrm{~km}$

Measurement of pentagon's side
A_polygon=(s×a×n)/2
$168=(s \times 7 \times 5) / 2$
$\mathrm{s}=9.6 \mathrm{~km}$
Measurement of pentagon's perimeter
$P=5 \times s=5 \times 9,6=48 \mathrm{~km}$
Distance to work from apartment
$1 / 3 \times 48=16 \mathrm{~km}$
Cost of taxi, before taxes
$16 \times 0.75=\$ 12$
$12 \times 2$ (roundtrip) $\times 5$ days $\times 4$ weeks $=\$ 480$

Cost of taxi, including taxes
$15 / 100 \times 480=\$ 72$
$480+72=\$ 552$
ALICE SPENDS \$552.00 A MONTH ON TRANSPORTATION.

## FOOD COSTS

(fractions and order of operations)
Cafeteria meal costs, before taxes
$5 \times 5$ days $\times 4$ weeks=\$100
Cafeteria meal costs, including taxes $15 / 100 \times 100=\$ 15$ $100+15=\$ 115$

Restaurant meal costs

$$
4,2 \times(5,62+8,38)^{2}-48,02 \times 15
$$

$$
=4,2 \times(14)^{2}-48,02 \times 15
$$

$$
=4,2 \times 196-48,02 \times 15
$$

$$
=823,2-720,3
$$

=\$102.90

Monthly restaurant meal costs $102,90 \times 4=\$ 411.60$

Total food costs

$$
115+411,60=\$ 526.60
$$

ALICE SPENDS \$526.60 A MONTH ON FOOD.

## LEISURE COSTS

(assuming there are four weeks in a month)

$$
55 \times 4=\$ 220
$$

ALICE SPENDS \$220 A MONTH ON LEISURE ACTIVITIES.

## C) ALICE'S MONTHLY BUDGET

| INCOME |
| :--- |
| Net salary |
| EXPENSES |
| Home |
| Electricity |
| Cellphone |
| Food |
| Transportation |
| Leisure |
| TOTALEXPENSES |
| BALANCE |

## D) EXPLAIN YOUR ANSWER:

Alice's budget is not balanced because her monthly expenses exceed her monthly income-she is losing money at the end of each month.

## BUDGET ANALYSIS

A budget analysis provides an overview of your expenses and determines what percentage of income should be attributed to each category.

| CATEGORY (expense items) | Average \% |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Home (rent, mortgage, taxes, insurance) | min. | max. |
| Utilities (electricity, heating, water, phone, etc.) | $25 \%$ | $35 \%$ |
| Food | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ |
| Transportation | $5 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| Leisure | $10 \%$ | $15 \%$ |
| Other (clothes, tuition, healthcare, debt payments, etc.) | $5 \%$ | $10 \%$ |

## QUESTION N²

## A) CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE OF HER INCOME ALICE SPENDS ON EACH CATEGORY

| CATEGORY (rent, mortgage, taxes, insurance) | Alice's $\%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| Home (rent, mortgage, taxes, insurance) | $28 \%$ |
| Utilities (electricity, heating, water, phone, etc.) | $31 \%$ |
| Food | $12 \%$ |
| Transportation | $29 \%$ |
| Leisure | $12 \%$ |

## B) WHERE WOULD YOU SUGGEST THAT ALICE CUT DOWN ON HER SPENDING? WHY?

Alice is spending a reasonable proportion of her income on rent. However, she is spending too much on transportation, food, phone service and leisure activities. These items exceed the recommended proportions, causing her monthly budget to become unbalanced.

## QUESTION 3

## A) CELLPHONE COSTS

## Plan 1

Cost for 400 minutes before taxes

400-350=50 min.
$50 \times 0.28=\$ 14$
48+14=\$62
Cost including taxes
15/100×62=\$9.30
$62+9.30=\$ 71.30$

## Plan 2

Cost including taxes
15/100×60=\$9
$60+9=\$ 69$

## Plan 3

Cost for 400 minutes before taxes

$$
400 \times 0.16=\$ 64
$$

Cost including taxes
15/100×64=\$9.60
64+9.60=\$73.60
PLAN 2 IS THE CHEAPEST AT \$69.00 A MONTH.

## B) TRANSPORTATION COSTS

(single-variable algebraic equation)
Identification of unknown values
Cost of a Green Line ticket: x (line Alice will use to get to work)

Cost of a Purple Line ticket: $\mathrm{x}-1$
Cost of a Blue Line ticket: $2 x$
Cost of a Red Line ticket: $2 x-2$

Equation
$2 x+2(x-1)+2(2 x)+2(2 x-2)=54$
$2 x+2 x-2+4 x+4 x-4=54$
$12 x-6=54$
$12 x=60$
$\mathrm{x}=5$
A Green Line ticket costs \$5.00.
Monthly transportation costs
$5 \times 2$ (roundtrip) $\times 5$ days $\times 4$ weeks=\$200
ALICE WOULD NOW SPEND \$200.00 A MONTH ON TRANSPORTATION.

## C) FOOD COSTS

(arithmetic mean)
Cost of weekly groceries
$\mathrm{x}=(60.50+60.75+64.25+65.75+67.50+71.75+75.50+78) / 8=\$ 68$
Monthly food costs
$68 \times 4=\$ 272$
ALICE WOULD NOW SPEND \$272.00 A MONTH ON FOOD.

## D) LEISURE COSTS

(percentage)
Depending on teacher's suggestions:
For 5\% of income:
5/100×1,800=\$90
Pour 10\% du revenu
10/100×1,800=\$180
ALICE COULD NOW SPEND \$90.00 TO \$180.00 A MONTH ON LEISURE ACTIVITIES.

## E) ALICE'S UPDATED MONTHLY BUDGET

| INCOME |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Net salary | $\$ 1,800.00$ |
| EXPENSES |  |
| Home | $\$ 500.00$ |
| Electricity | $\$ 100.00$ |
| Cellphone | $\$ 69.00$ |
| Food | $\$ 200.00$ |
| Transportation | $\$ 272.00$ |
| Leisure | $\$ 90.00$ |
| TOTAL EXPENSES | $\$ 1,231.00$ |
| BALANCE | $\$ 569.00$ |

F) BASED ON THESE CALCULATIONS, IS ALICE'S UPDATED BUDGET BALANCED? EXPLAIN YOUR ANSWER.

In theory, a balanced budget should have more income than expenses. Alice's budget meets this criterion, but includes no savings or emergency fund. This means that Alice would actually have $\$ 569.00$ a month to put toward her emergency fund and future projects.

QUESTION 4
A) CALCULATE THE NEW PERCENTAGE OF HER INCOME ALICE WOULD NOW SPEND ON EACH CATEGORY.

| CATEGORY (expense items) |
| :--- |
| Home (rent, mortgage, taxes, insurance) |
| Utilities (electricity, heating, water, phone, etc.) |
| Food |
| Transportation |
| Leisure |

B) HOW DOES THIS UPDATED BREAKDOWN OF HER EXPENSES COMPARE TO THE OLD ONE?

Her budget is now balanced because the proportions of all expense categories fall within the recommended ranges.

